

New England at the Cliff House 2025: October 20-23
Learner Assessment and Program Evaluation

Name:

AANA ID#:

Indicate your level of achievement for each learner objective on the rating scale.

Rate on the following scale: 1=Poor, 2=Below Average, 3=Average, 4=Above Average, 5=Excellent

Rating
1 to 5

Lecture 01 - GLP-1- Drugs and the Anesthesia Implications - S. Wooden

Describe the pharmacological action of GLP-1 agents.

List how GLP-1 agents impact anesthesia care.

Describe how to safely manage anesthesia for patients on GLP-1 agents.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 02 - The Business of Anesthesia: Know Your Value - S. Wooden

Identify who in the facility controls your value.

Describe how to calculate your value.

Define "appliance nurse".

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 03 - Leadership in Emergencies: The Art and Science of Resuscitation - J. Lowrance

State why leadership in emergencies matters in terms of resuscitation outcomes.

Discuss how leadership, cognitive biases & errors and other human factors contribute to effective outcomes in emergencies.

Discover what specific steps providers and groups can take develop effective leadership in emergencies.

List action steps you can take to apply this topic to your practice.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 04 - Provider Wellness: Where We Are and the Path to Wellness - J. Lowrance

Explain why provider wellness matters for individuals, groups and patients.

Discuss how organizational factors promote wellness or contribute to burnout.

Discover what specific steps organizations and providers can take to promote provider wellbeing. +A25:A33

List action steps you can take to apply this topic to your practice.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 05 - The Diagnostic Detective-Part 1: It's Not Elementary, Watson-Sherlock Holmes will Assist with Your Clinical Anesthetic Decision-Making - B. Ayers, B. Howie, P. McMullen

Describe approaches to clinical diagnoses and interventions.

Employ clinical decision-making to a selected Sherlock Holmes short story.

Generate likely diagnosis and appropriate interventions with respect to the Selected Sherlock Holmes short story and a actual clinical case involving a CRNA.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 06 - Fact or Fiction: Anesthesia Controversies - W. Howie

Discuss how their anesthesia practice and pharmacological understanding will change, or stay the same when considering the following topics: Use of muscle relaxants prior to confirming ventilation; how to perform a rapid sequence induction versus a modified rapid sequence induction; and use of nitrous oxide.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Indicate your level of achievement for each learner objective on the rating scale.

Rate on the following scale: 1=Poor, 2=Below Average, 3=Average, 4=Above Average, 5=Excellent

Rating
1 to 5

Lecture 07 - Legal Concepts 101 - P. McMullen

Explain the concepts of negligence, vicarious liability, comparative negligence, and contributory negligence.

Discuss legal concepts to suggest best practices in nurse anesthesia.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 08 - Alternative Dispute Resolution: Should You, Shouldn't You – P. McMullen

Explain various types of alternative dispute resolution.

Review considerations on whether or not a CRNA should engage in alternative resolution in lieu of a trial.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 09 - Non-Operating Room Anesthesia Pitfalls and Implications – W. Howie

Discuss selected NORA (Non OR Anesthesia Cases) cases.

Explain strategies to best position a CRNA working in a NORA setting.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 10 - What's New in Anesthesia: Highlights of New Trends and Issues - J. Lowrance

Identify new trends and issues in anesthesia and how they are relevant to your practice.

Discuss new trends and issues related to the clinical practice, education and the business of anesthesia.

Discuss how to stay adaptable and resilient in the midst of change.

List action steps you can take to apply this topic to your practice.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 11 - Practical Pharmacology Review: Clarifying Key Tools for the CRNA - J. Lowrance

State why adopting evolving best practices in pharmacology matters.

Discuss how pharmacology in anesthesia has changed in recent years.

Discover what specific steps providers and groups can take to stay up-to-date with pharmacology practice.

List action steps you can take to apply this topic to your practice.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 12 - Everything, Everyone Should Know About Pain Management - S. Wooden

Identify two common anesthetic/pain management pharmaceutical agents that might help prevent chronic pain.

List at least three substances that are released when tissue is damaged.

Describe how opioid and non-opioid pain pharmaceutical agents can be used to interrupt the progression of "windup".

Identify the key difference between neuropathic and non-neuropathic pain.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 13 - The Head Case: Neurotrauma and Anesthetic Implications – W. Howie

Provide strategies for optimal care of the patient who has suffered a serious traumatic brain injury.

Explain how to safely and effectively manage the airway of a patient who has suffered a serious TBI.

Describe how to maintain adequate cerebral perfusion pressure using patient positioning and medications.

Apply pharmacologic principles to treat intracranial hypertension.

Discuss how to avoid secondary insults (hypotension, hypoxia, hyper-and hypocarbia, hypo-and hyperglycemia, seizures, coagulopathy, and hyper-and hypothermia).

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Indicate your level of achievement for each learner objective on the rating scale.

Rate on the following scale: 1=Poor, 2=Below Average, 3=Average, 4=Above Average, 5=Excellent

Rating
1 to 5

Lecture 14 - Transfusion Medicine: A Practical Guide - J. Lowrance

State why having an effective transfusion medicine practice matters.

Discuss how transfusion medicine has changed in recent years.

Discover what specific steps providers and groups can take to adopt best practices in transfusion medicine.

List action steps you can take to apply this topic to your practice.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 15 - Patient Safety: Flying with a Parachute – W. Howie

State how the study of adverse outcomes in Health Care can lead to improved practice and improved patient safety.

List the frequently cited causes of anesthetic mishaps in the US (based on open and closed filed malpractice claims).

Discuss how findings from the open and closed anesthesia claims can be used to improve your practice.

List at least 7 effective anesthetic strategies to minimize risk and limit or potentially eliminate patient morbidity

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 16 - Viscoelastic Monitoring in Anesthesia Practice: Blood is Thicker than Water – W. Howie

Discuss the basic principles of viscoelastic monitoring.

Describe how this technology can help guide hemostatic resuscitation.

Describe how this technology can improve patient outcomes.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 17 - To Intervene or Not Intervene, that is the Question: Legal Implications of Being a Good Samaritan - P. McMullen

Delineate state requirements regarding rendering aid in an unexpected emergency situation.

Apply knowledge of Good Samaritan Statutes to selected legal cases.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 18 - NPO: Or Why We Starve Our Patients Before Surgery – S. Wooden

Identify the evidence surrounding the use of common pharmaceutical agents for the prevention of aspiration.

List at least five aspiration risks for anesthesia.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 19 - Developing High Reliability: System Safety and Human Factors in Anesthesia - J. Lowrance

State why it matters that anesthesia providers and groups develop high reliability.

Discuss how high reliability organizations, system safety and human factors related to anesthesia practice.

Discover what specific steps providers and groups can take develop high reliability.

List action steps you can take to apply this topic to your practice.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 20 - Legal Jeopardy, It's Not Just for Lawyers - P. McMullen

Define key legal terms including malpractice, vicarious liability, statute of limitations, contributory negligence, comparative negligence.

Explain what legal concepts are applicable to selected case scenarios.

Apply key legal terms to actual legal cases.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Indicate your level of achievement for each learner objective on the rating scale.

Rate on the following scale: 1=Poor, 2=Below Average, 3=Average, 4=Above Average, 5=Excellent

Rating 1 to 5

Lecture 21 - The Diagnostic Detective-Part 2: It's Not Elementary, Watson-Sherlock Holmes will Assist with Your anesthetic clinical decision-making - B. Ayers, B. Howie, P. McMullen

Explain the ending arrived at in the selected Sherlock Holmes short story and describe your clinical decision making in this regard.

Construct a list of one or two clinical diagnoses for the selected clinical case study.

Employ your knowledge of CRNA practice to state appropriate CRNA interventions for the selected clinical case study.

Describe appropriate pharmacological measures based on your analysis of the case.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 22 - Exparel in Peripheral Nerve Blocks and Plane Nerve Blocks - S. Wooden

Define the mechanism of action including pharmacokinetics for Exparel and peripheral nerve blocks and plane nerve blocks for anesthesia care.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Lecture 23 - Obstetric Pharmacology - S. Wooden

Review the pharmacology of the most frequently used medications used in obstetric anesthesia care.

Discuss optimal dosing and administration of commonly used medications in obstetric anesthesia.

Discuss the updates in research in order to optimize care for obstetric patients.

Overall rating of topic and facilitator during this lecture.

Overall Assessment

Indicate your level of achievement for each statement on the rating scale.

Rate on the following scale: 1=Poor, 2=Below Average, 3=Average, 4=Above Average, 5=Excellent

Rating 1 to 5

The facilitators were effective in presenting the material.

Teaching methods were effective.

The program content was related to the objectives.

My personal learning objectives were met.

Physical facilities facilitated learning.

State one item you learned that will improve your nurse anesthesia practice.

State any barriers to implement this change.

What future topics would you like presented?

Why did you choose to attend this conference?

- Conference held during my schedule time off for education/vacation
- First time to visit this area
- Other

Check all
that Apply